

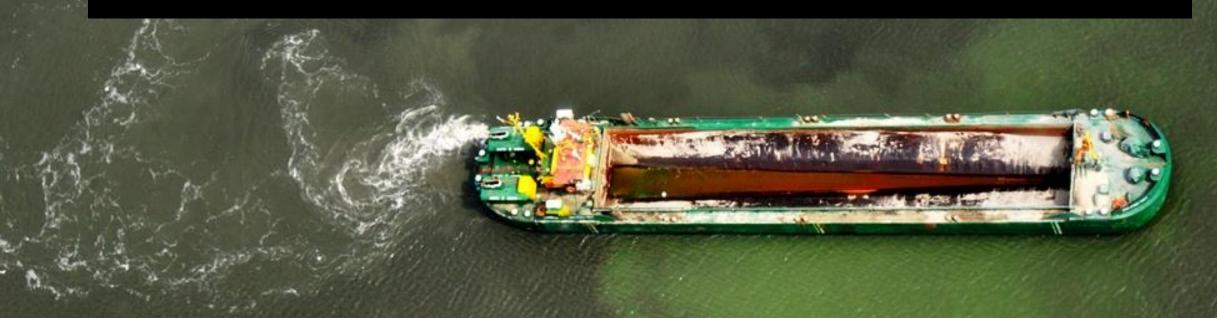
Shipshape and Baltic fashion? Reducing the impacts of maritime activities beyond 2021

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We have a long way to go before we reach good environmental status of the Baltic Sea





BSAP management objectives for maritime activities







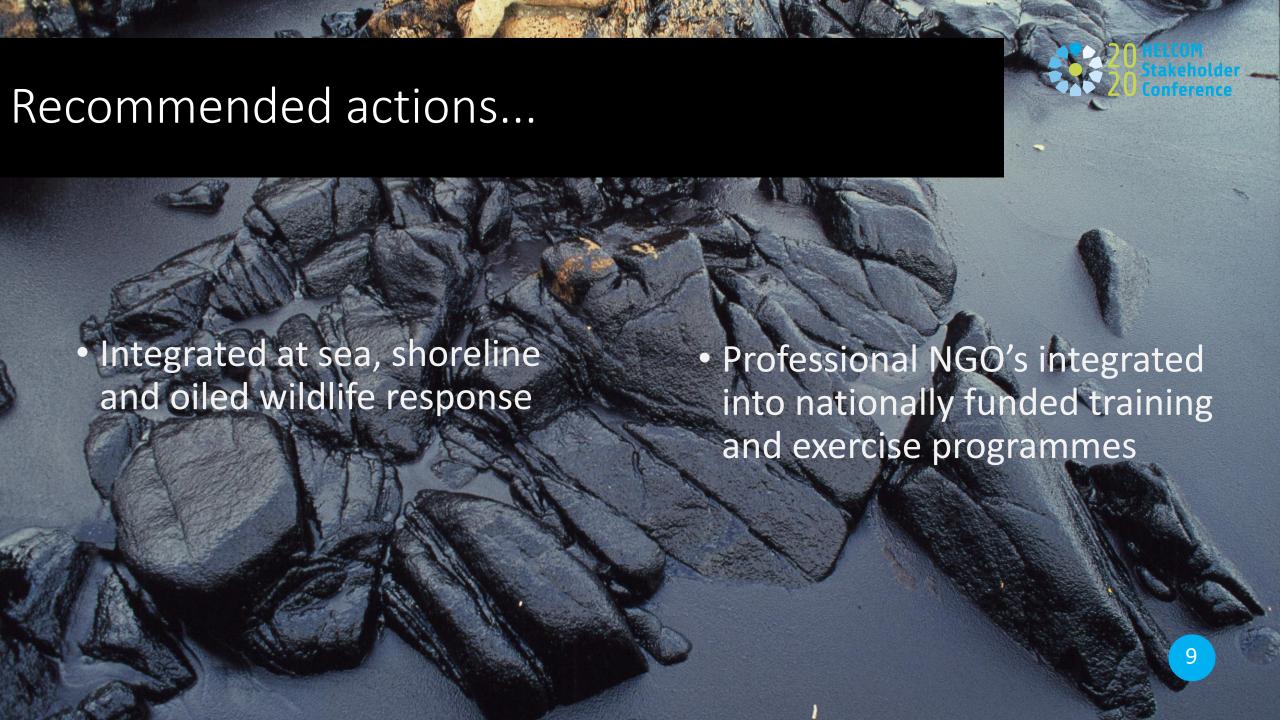
















Minimum sewage pollution from ships



- Tackle the issue of food waste
 - Prohibit all discharge of food waste

- Ban the discharge of
 - Sewage from all commercial vessels in the Baltic Sea
 - Grey water from passenger ships





No introductions of alien species from ships



- Carry out regular chemical quality tests of treated ballast water
- Point out loopholes within the Ballast Water Management Convention















 Regionally coordinated, ecosystem-based marine spatial plans Ecosystem-based management as fundamental principle



Download the shadow plan at: wwfbaltic.org ccb.se

THE BALTIC SHADOW PLAN: For the future of the Baltic Sea

The Baltic Sea Action Plan (BSAP) adopted in 2007, by the Helsinki Convention, had the Balik Sea Action Plan (BSAY) adopted in 2007, by the riesand convenion, tail the goal to restore the Baltic marine environment to a good ecological status by 2021, the goal to restore the ballic manife environment to a good econogical status by However, the nine Ballic Sea Countries are **nowhere near achieving this goal**.

The vision of the BSAP for "A healthy Baltic Sea environment, with diverse biological Components functioning in balance, resulting in a good environmental/ecological components functioning in parameter, resuming in a good environmentare coopsistatus," cannot be reached without explicit implementation of the ecosystem status, cannot be reached without explicit implementation of the ecosystem approach across all the segments of the Action Plan and engaging all economic sectors. approach across an one segments on the Section Land and human activities within the Baltic Sea catchment area.

We are in the midst of a biodiversity and climate crisis. Healthy marine and coastal life and habitats are essential to our resilience to ecological and climate breakdown. tite and nabitats are essertual to our resilience to exological articulmate in candowni.
We are dependent on marine and coastal ecosystems to be healthy and rich so that









