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English name:	Scientific name:								
Chalky macoma	Macoma calcarea								
Taxonomical group:	Species authority:								
Class: Bivalvia	Gmelin, 1791								
Order: Veneroida									
Family: Tellinidae									
Subspecies, Variations, Synonyms:	Generation length:								
Tellina calcarea Gmelin, 1791	>10 years								
Macoma tenera Leach, 1819									
Past and current threats (Habitats Directive	Future threats (Habitats Directive article 17								
article 17 codes):	codes):								
Eutrophication (anoxia; H01.05), Reduced water	Eutrophication (anoxia; H01.05), Reduced water								
mass exchange (–)	mass exchange (–)								
IUCN Criteria:	HELCOM Red List	VU							
A2c	Category: Vulnerable								
Global / European IUCN Red List Category	Habitats Directive:								
NE/NE	_								
Protection and Red List status in HELCOM countries:									

Protection and Red List status in HELCOM countries:

Denmark -/-, Estonia -/-, Finland -/-, Germany -/1 (Critically endangered), Latvia -/-, Lithuania -/-, Poland -/VU, Russia -/-, Sweden -/DD

Distribution and status in the Baltic Sea region

Macoma calcarea is currently restricted to the western parts of the HELCOM area. The species has occurred also in the Bornholm Basin and the Eastern Gotland Basin but due to oxygen depletion it has disappeared or severely declined in the eastern part of its former range. More generally, this is a northern Atlantic arctic species. In Europe there are records from Iceland and Norway and in the western Atlantic south to New York.



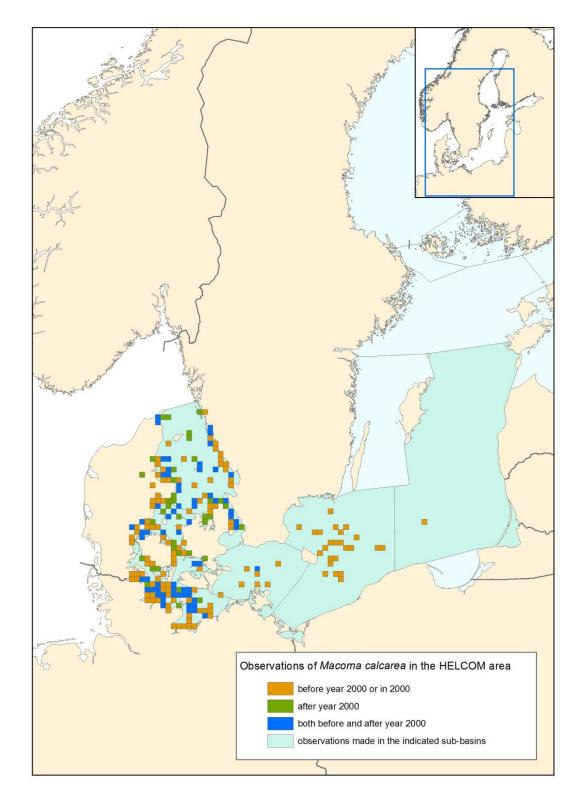
Macoma calcarea. Photo by Michael Zettler. Leibniz Institute for Baltic Sea Research Warnemünde (IOW).



SPECIES INFORMATION SHEET

Distribution map

The georeferenced records of species compiled from the Danish national database for marine data (MADS) and from the databases of the Swedish Species Information Centre (Artportalen), Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute, International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES), Finnish Environment Institute, and the Leibniz Institute for Baltic Sea Research (IOW).





Habitat and ecology

Macoma calcarea is an infaunal bivalve that lives on fine sand and mud bottoms, often with some gravel and stones. It is a deposit and filter feeder. In contrast to many other bivalves, *M. calcarea* has separate sexes. The larvae are pelagic. The typical depth range of recent records is between 15 and 30 m.

Description of major threats

Oxygen depletion related to eutrophication and on the other hand to reduced water mass exchange from the North Sea.

Assessment justification

M. calcarea has disappeared from many of its former locations during the last decades. This concerns especially the eastern locations and most probably relates to long lasting oxygen depletion in those areas. Recent locations exist only in the western Baltic Sea. The generation time of the species is assumed to be c. 15–20 years. Within three generations both the reduction in the extent of occurrences (EOO) as well as in the area of occupancy (AOO) is estimated to ca. 45 %. The species is categorized as Vulnerable (VU) applying criteria A2c.

Recommendations for actions to conserve the species

M. calcarea would probably benefit from any actions that could reduce eutrophication.

Common names

Denmark: stor østersømusling, Estonia: –, Finland: –, Germany: Kalk-Plattmuschel, Latvia: –, Lithuania: –, Poland: –, Russia: –, Sweden: stor östersjömussla

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SPECIES INFORMATION SHEET

Macoma calcarea

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